

## Structure and function description, section

The 4/2- and 4/3-way proportional directional valves are designed as direct operated units for subplate mounting. They are operated via proportional solenoids with central thread and removeable coil. The control of the solenoids is optionally by means of external control electronics (model WRA) or integral valve electronics (model WRAE).

## Structure:

The valve mainly consists of:

- Housing (1) with mounting surface
- Control spool (2) with compression springs (3 and 4)
- Solenoids (5 and 6) with central thread
- Optionally integrated valve electronics (7)


## Function description:

- With solenoids (5 and 6) de-energized, the control spool (2) is held in the center position by compression springs (3 and 4)
- Direct operation of control spool (2) by energizing a proportional solenoid
e.g. control solenoid "b" (6)
$\rightarrow$ Moving of control spool (2) to the left proportionally to electrical input signal
$\rightarrow$ Flow from $P$ to $A$ and $B$ to $T$ via
orifice-like cross sections with progressive flow characteristics
- De-energizing of solenoid (6) $\rightarrow$ control spool (2) is returned to the center position by compression spring (3)


Model 4WRA10...-2X/...


Model 4WRAE10...-2X/...

## Valve with 2 spool positions:

(Model 4WRA...A... or 4WRA..B...)
The function of this valve structure is principally the same as with the valve with 3 spool positions. However, the 2 -spool position valves are only equipped with solenoid "a" (5) or solenoid "b" (6). Instead of the 2nd proportional solenoid there is an end cap (8).

## Note:

Emptying of the tank line is to be avoided. With such conditions, check valve ( $\geq 29$ PSI (2 bar)) can be installed in the tank line.

## Ordering code



## Technical data (For application outside these parameters please consult us!)

| General |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Installation position |  | optional, preferrably horizontal |
| Ambient temperature range | WRA... ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | -4 to $+158(-20$ to +70$)$ |
|  | WRAE... ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | -4 to +140 (-20 to +60$)$ |
| Weight | WRA... lbs (kg) | 14.6 (6.6) |
|  | WRAE... lbs (kg) | 15.0 (6.8) |
| Hydraulic (measured at $v=150 \mathrm{SUS}(32 \mathrm{~mm} / \mathrm{s})$ and $t=104{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ ) |  |  |
| Operating pressure | Port A, B, P PSI (bar) | up to 4600 (315) |
|  | Port T PSI (bar) | up to 3046 (210) |
| Nominal flow $q_{V N}$ bei $\Delta p=145$ PSI (10 bar) GPM (L/min) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 7.93(30) \\ & 15.9(60) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Flow (max. permissible) GPM (L/min) |  | 19.8 (75) [37 (140) with double flow] |
| Pressure fluid |  | Mineral oil (HL, HLP) to DIN 51524 Phosphate ester (HFD-R) |
| Fluid cleanliness |  | Maximum permissible degree of contamination of pressure fluid to NAS 1638 Class 7 to 9 . We therefore recommend a filter with a minimum retention rate of $\beta_{10} \geq 75$. |
| Pressure fluid temperature range | WRA... ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | -4 to $+158(-20$ to +70$)$ |
|  | WRAE... ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | -4 to $+158(-20$ to +70$)$ |
| Viscosity range SUS (mm²/s) |  | 78 to 1760 (15 to 380) |
| Hysteresis \% |  | $\leq 5$ |
| Reversal span \% |  | $\leq 1$ |
| Response sensitivity \% |  | $\leq 0.5$ |
| Frequency response ( $-90^{\circ}$, signal $50 \% \pm 40 \%$ ) Hz |  | 10 |
| Electrical |  |  |
| Insulation to DIN 40050 |  | exceeds NEMA Class B (IP 65) |
| Voltage model |  | Direct voltage |
| Signal model |  | analog |
| Command signal | Voltage input V | $\pm 10$ |
|  | Current input mA | 4 to 20 |
| Input impedance | Voltage input $\quad \Omega$ | 20K or higher |
|  | Current input $\quad \Omega$ | 100 |
| Max. current per solenoid A |  | 2.5 |
| Solenoid coil resistance | Cold value at $68{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \quad \Omega$ | 2 |
|  | Max. warm value $\quad \Omega$ | 3 |
| Duty cycle \% |  | 100 |
| Coil temperature $\quad{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  | up to 302 (150) |
| Electrical connection | WRA... | Plug-in connection to DIN 43 650/2-pin + PE/Pg11 |
|  | WRAE... | Plug-in connection to DIN 43 563/6-pin + PE/Pg11 |
| Supply voltage | Nominal voltage VDC | 24 |
|  | Lower limiting value WRA... V <br> Lower limiting value WRAE... V | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Upper limiting value V | 35 |
| Current consumption of amplifier | $I_{\text {max }}$ A | 1.8 |
|  | Impulse current A | 4 |
| Control electronics | WRA... | Amplifier model VT-VSPA2-2-1X/... in Euro-card format (separate order), see page 10 or data sheet RA 30112 |
|  | WRAE... | Integrated into valve, see page 5 |

## Electrical connection with model WRA



## Integral valve electronics with model WRAE

## Pin allocation unit plug



Integral electronics (see below)

|  | Pin | Signal |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Supply <br> voltage | A | 24 VDC (19 to 35 VDC$)$ |
|  | B | GND (0 V) |
| Differential | C | do not connect (0 V) |
| input | E | Command value ( $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V} / 4$ to 20 mA) |
|  | F | do not connect |
| PE | $\perp$ | Protective ground |

Command value: Reference potential at E and positive command value (or 12 to 20 mA ) at D causes flow from $P$ to $A$ and $B$ to $T$.
Reference potential at $E$ and negative command value (or 4 to 12 mA ) at $D$ causes flow from $P$ to $B$ and $A$ to $T$.
With valve with 1 solenoid on side $A$ (spool variations EA and WA) reference potential at $E$ and positive command value at $D$ cause flow from $P$ to $B$ and $A$ to $T$.

Conn. cable: Recommendation: - up to $80 \mathrm{ft}(25 \mathrm{~m})$ cable length stranded 18 AWG (LiYCY $5 \times 0.75 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ ) - up to $160 \mathrm{ft}(50 \mathrm{~m})$ cable length stranded 16 AWG (LiYCY $5 \times 1.0 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ )

External diameters 0.26 to 0.44 inches ( 6.5 to 11.2 mm )
Only connect shield to earth ground PE on supply side.
Block circuit diagram/terminal connection of integral valve electronics


## Transition functions with electrical step input signals



Operating curves (measured at $v=150 \operatorname{SUS}\left(32 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / \mathrm{s}\right)$ and $t=104^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ )


Double flow with 7.93 GPM ( $30 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ )
nominal flow spool


$\Delta p=$ Valve pressure difference to DIN 24311
(Input pressure minus load pressure and minus return pressure)

Double flow with 15.9 GPM ( $60 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ ) nominal flow spool

$\Delta p=$ Valve pressure difference to DIN 24311 (input pressure minus load pressure and minus return pressure)


Double flow with 7.93 GPM (30 L/min)
nominal flow spool



Double flow with 15.9 GPM ( $60 \mathrm{~L} / \mathrm{min}$ ) nominal flow spool


1 Command value = 40 \%
2 Command value = $50 \%$
3 Command value $=60 \%$
4 Command value = 70 \%
5 Command value = $80 \%$
6 Command value = $90 \%$
7 Command value = $100 \%$

Double-flow example


## Unit dimensions model WRA10: dimensions in inches (millimeters)



1 Valve housing
2 Proportional solenoid "a"
3 Proportional solenoid "b"
4.1 Z4-plug "A", color grey; order no. RR00 008908
4.2 Z4-plug "B", color black; order no. RR00 008909

5 Nameplate
6 Valve bleed bolt
Note: Valves are bled before delivery.
7 Emergency operation N9
8 R-ring ( $13.0 \times 1.6 \times 2.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ ); Ports A, B, P, T
9 Plug bolt for valve with one solenoid (2 switching positions, models EA, WA, EB or WB)
10 Space requirement for removal of plugs
11 Machined valve mounting surface,
Position of ports to DIN 24340 Form A, ISO 4401 and CETOP-RP 121 H , NFPA/ANSI D 05

Subplates to data sheet RA 45054 and valve mounting bolts must be ordered separately.

Subplates: G66/05 (3/8" NPT)
G67/05 (1/2" NPT)
G534/05 (3/4" NPT)
G66/12 (SAE-6; 9/16-18)
G67/12 (SAE-8; 3/4-16)
G534/12 (SAE-12; 1-1/16-12)
Valve mounting bolts: 4) $1 / 4-20$ UNC $\times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{M} 6 \times 40)$ DIN 912-10.9, grade 8 or better Torque $M_{\mathrm{A}}=11.4 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{ft}(15.5 \mathrm{Nm})$

Unit dimensions model WRAE10: dimensions in inches (millimeters)


Required surface finish of mating piece


1 Valve housing
2 Proportional solenoid "a"
3 Proportional solenoid "b"
4 Z31-plug, 6pin + PE; order no. RR00 021267
5 Nameplate
6 Valve bleed bolt
Note: Valves are bled before delivery.
7 Emergency operation N9
8 R-ring ( $13.0 \times 1.6 \times 2.0 \mathrm{~mm}$ ); Ports A, B, P, T
9 Plug bolt for valve with one solenoid (2 switching positions, models EA, WA, EB or WB)
10 Space requirement for removal of plugs
11 Machined valve mounting surface,
Position of ports to DIN 24340 Form A,
ISO 4401 and CETOP-RP 121 H ,
NFPA/ANSI D 05

Subplates to data sheet RA 45054 and valve mounting bolts must be ordered separately.

Subplates: G66/05 (3/8" NPT)
G67/05 (1/2" NPT)
G534/05 (3/4" NPT)
G66/12 (SAE-6; 9/16-18)
G67/12 (SAE-8; 3/4-16)
G534/12 (SAE-12; 1-1/16-12)
Valve mounting bolts: 4) 1/4-20 UNC $\times 1-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}(\mathrm{M} 6 \times 40)$ DIN 912-10.9, grade 8 or better Torque $M_{\mathrm{A}}=11.4 \mathrm{lb}-\mathrm{ft}(15.5 \mathrm{Nm})$

## Control electronics for model 4WRA10.-2X/...: amplifier VT-VSPA2-2 (separate order)

## Technical data



Ordering code

| VT-VSPA2 - 2 | * |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amplifier for proportional directional valve 4WRA10-2X = 2 |  | Further details in clear text |
| Series 10 to 19 <br> (10 to 19: technical data and terminal connection unchanged) | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{T} 1= \\ & \mathrm{T} 5= \end{aligned}$ | 1 ramp time 5 ramp times |

## Notes

